# Some developments of the weighted EGZ theorem 

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It has been conjectured that for $n$ even if $A$ and $B$ are two zero sum sequences, over $Z_{n}$, each of length $n$, then there exists a permutation which permutes the elements of $B$ resulting a sequence $B^{\prime}$ such that the inner product of $A$ and $B^{\prime}$ is 0 in $Z_{n}$. First, we extend the above conjecture to $n$ odd, provided $A$ and $B$ do not belong to two exceptional cases. Next, we provide some information about the exceptional cases and other cases of interest.

